
















1 sourmash: a tool to quickly search, compare, and
2 analyze genomic and metagenomic data sets

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15 **Summary**

16 sourmash is a command line tool and Python library for sketching collections of DNA, RNA,
17 and amino acid k-mers for biological sequence search, comparison, and analysis ([Pierce et al.,
18 2019](#)). sourmash's FracMinHash sketching supports fast and accurate sequence comparisons
19 between datasets of different sizes ([Irber, Brooks, et al., 2022](#)), including petabase-scale
20 database search ([Irber, Pierce-Ward, et al., 2022](#)). From release 4.x, sourmash is built on top
21 of Rust and provides an experimental Rust interface.

22 FracMinHash sketching is a lossy compression approach that represents data sets using a
23 "fractional" sketch containing $1/S$ of the original k-mers. Like other sequence sketching
24 techniques (e.g. MinHash, ([Ondov et al., 2015](#))), FracMinHash provides a lightweight way to
25 store representations of large DNA or RNA sequence collections for comparison and search.
26 Sketches can be used to identify samples, find similar samples, identify data sets with shared
27 sequences, and build phylogenetic trees. FracMinHash sketching supports estimation of overlap,
28 bidirectional containment, and Jaccard similarity between data sets and is accurate even for
29 data sets of very different sizes.

30 Since sourmash v1 was released in 2016 ([Brown & Irber, 2016](#)), sourmash has expanded to
31 support new database types and many more command line functions. In particular, sourmash
32 now has robust support for both Jaccard similarity and containment calculations, which enables
33 analysis and comparison of data sets of different sizes, including large metagenomic samples.
34 As of v4.4, sourmash can convert these to estimated Average Nucleotide Identity (ANI) values,
35 which can provide improved biological context to sketch comparisons ([Hera et al., 2022](#)).

36 **Statement of Need**

37 Large collections of genomes, transcriptomes, and raw sequencing data sets are readily
38 available in biology, and the field needs lightweight computational methods for searching and
39 summarizing the content of both public and private collections. sourmash provides a flexible

40 set of programmatic functionality for this purpose, together with a robust and well-tested
41 command-line interface. It has been used in well over 200 publications (based on citations of
42 Brown & Irber (2016) and Pierce et al. (2019)) and it continues to expand in functionality.

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